FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 6463

C 11 L 16

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Concerning the crime of luring.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Pearson, Darneille, O'Ban, Padden and Dammeier).

Senate Committee on Law & Justice House Committee on Public Safety

Background: A person commits the crime of luring if the person: (a) orders, lures, or attempts to lure a minor or a person with a developmental disability into any area or structure that is obscured from or inaccessible to the public, or away from any area or structure constituting a bus terminal, airport terminal, or other transportation terminal, or into a motor vehicle; (b) does not have the consent of the minor's parent or guardian or of the guardian of the person with a developmental disability; and (c) is unknown to the child or developmentally disabled person. Luring is an unranked class C felony.

It is an affirmative defense to luring, which the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence, that the defendant's actions were reasonable under the circumstances and the defendant did not have any intent to harm the health, safety, or welfare of the minor or the person with the developmental disability.

Summary: To be convicted of luring, the prosecution must prove that the defendant had the intent to harm the health, safety, or welfare of the minor or person with a developmental disability or with the intent to facilitate the commission of any crime.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 47 0 House 97 0

Effective: June 9, 2016

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

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